



Market Development

EPA CHP Partners Meeting, April 29-30th, 2003

Climate Protection Partnerships Division

Energy Supply and Industry Branch

Overview

- Overall CHP Partnership Market Development Goals and Plans
- Market Assessments
 - methodology
 - markets selected
 - marketing plans and time frames
- Opportunity for Partner Input and Engagement

Two Market Development Approaches

- Targeted marketing
 - Assess markets that could benefit from CHP and produce significant climate benefits
 - Develop marketing plans
 - Engage allies and partners
 - Leverage resources, knowledge, expertise
 - Deploy marketing teams
 - Pursue projects
 - Follow through, evaluate, adjust
- Continued direct project support for Partners

Current Market Development Plan

- Focus on Industrial/Institutional Sectors in regions with strong CHP Initiatives
 - Northeast and Midwest in FY 2003
 - Expand to other regions in 2004
- Focus nationally on specific sectors leveraging previous work
 - District Energy
 - Universities
 - Colleges

Team Effort

- Two Support Contracting Teams
 - ERG, Inc.
 - D&R International
- Northeast and Midwest Regional CHP Initiatives and States
- Department of Energy
- Partners (some already engaged)

Selection of Target Market Sectors for Northeast and Midwest

- Identify market segments that could benefit from CHP and produce significant environmental impact
- Screen by energy characteristics and economic parameters
- Consider industrial markets and certain commercial/institutional markets

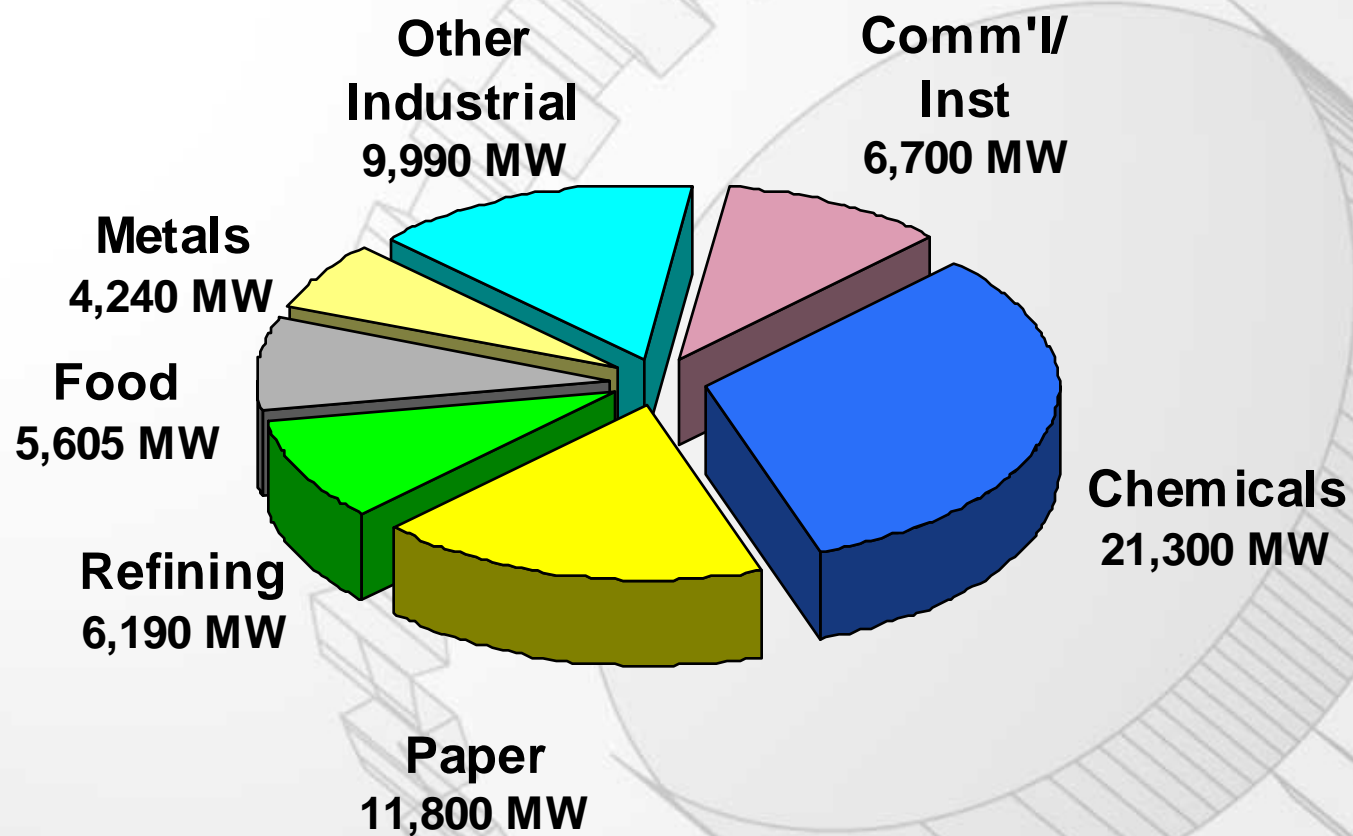
Energy Assessment: Identify market segments that could effectively apply CHP

- Technical fit for CHP
 - Significant and coincident electric and thermal loads
 - Electric to thermal ratios that match CHP technologies (0.2 to 1.2)
- Current experience with CHP
 - Number of facilities, installed MWs
 - Types and sizes of CHP systems
- Potential for additional CHP
 - Number of facilities or MW estimates

Economic Assessment: Screen for economic health and potential value of CHP

- Growth in value of shipments
- Growth in capital expenditures
- Industry profitability or margin
- Electricity and total energy expenditures as a percent of the total cost of materials
- Presence of industry segment in Midwest and Northeast

Existing CHP in the U.S.



**Total Existing CHP in 2000: 65,900 MW
(2439 sites)**

Target Market Segments

- Ethanol production
- Dairy products and processing
- Hospitals and healthcare

Ethanol Production (Dry Corn Milling)

- Electric and steam profiles are a good match with CHP
 - Typical CHP system 2 to 6 MW
 - 8760 hour operation
- Production capacity is expected to grow substantially
 - Shipments grew 30% 1997-2000
- Economically healthy in terms of margin and capital expenditures
 - Margins grew 56% 1997-2000
 - Capital investments grew 56% 1997-2000

Ethanol Production (Dry Corn Milling)

- Limited number of plants, concentrated in the Midwest
 - Less than 75 existing plants
 - 50% in the Midwest
 - 35 plants in planning stages
- Energy costs are 11% of total material costs
- Very limited experience with CHP
 - Russell, KS
 - Lena, IL

Dairy Products

- Electric to thermal ratios compatible with CHP technologies - 0.6 to 1.0
 - Significant steam and hot water loads for processing and sanitary wash
 - Electricity for processing and storage
- Healthy in terms of margin and capital expenditures (somewhat cyclical)
 - Average annual growth is 2.4%
 - Margin between cost and revenue is 23%
- Energy expenditures greater than \$600 million annually

Dairy Products

- Some experience with CHP – 340 MW at 16 sites
 - 10 recip engine
 - 4 gas turbine
 - 1 boiler/steam turbine
 - 1 fuel cell
- Overall penetration of CHP is low
 - 1,500 facilities nationwide
 - Strong presence in Midwest (45%) and Northeast (21%)

Hospitals

- Significant and steady thermal and electric loads
 - Electric to thermal ratios compatible with CHP technologies - 0.8 to 1.0
 - 24 hour per day operation
- Moderate experience base with CHP – 538 MW at 136 sites
 - 83 recip engine systems
 - 35 gas turbine systems
 - 12 boiler/steam turbine systems
 - 6 fuel cells

Hospitals

- Significant potential for additional CHP
 - 5,800 hospitals nationwide
 - 5,000 to 8,000 MW potential CHP capacity
 - Midwest 28%, Northeast 15%
- Experience with absorption cooling and steam plants
- Opportunity to partner with regional initiatives
 - City of Chicago, State of Illinois, Midwest CHP Application Center
 - Northeast CHP Initiative

Marketing Approach

- Market CHP:
 - To selected sector as a whole
 - At the individual facility/company level
 - To other involved parties, such as state agencies and utility

Marketing Approach: Selected Sector as a Whole

- Engage trade associations
 - Identify key trade associations for each sector
 - Work with associations to:
 - Identify key issues related to CHP that each sector faces
 - Leverage associations' contacts
 - Leverage their communication vehicles to publicize CHP and the CHP Partnership
 - Newsletters
 - Web sites
 - Journals
 - Conferences

Marketing Approach: Selected Sector as a Whole

- Engage suppliers to the target industry
 - Identify key suppliers (e.g, equipment suppliers, engineers, designers)
 - Work with suppliers to:
 - Gauge their knowledge and perception of CHP
 - Introduce the EPA CHP Partnership
 - Identify their information needs
 - Facilitate contacts

Marketing Approach: Selected Sector as a Whole

- Develop marketing materials for each sector
 - Fact sheet on CHP for each sector
 - Background on CHP
 - Benefits of CHP for target sector (e.g., financial, power reliability, environmental, public relations)
 - CHP potential and trends in target industry
 - Case study of a successful CHP application in the selected industry
 - Technology used
 - Electricity and heat supplied, and how it is used
 - Benefits to facility
 - Information on how project was developed
 - Presentations for trade association conferences

Marketing Approach: Individual Facility/Company Level

- Develop preliminary company/facility list for each sector, based on market analysis
- Contact facilities/companies to
 - Gauge their interest in CHP
 - Verify if facility is a good candidate for a CHP project and site visit
 - Convey information about CHP Partnership
- Review the results of initial contacts with EPA and select facilities for site visits
- Schedule visits

Marketing Approach: Individual Facility/Company Level

- Take marketing trips
- Trips might include meetings with:
 - Targeted facilities
 - Company executives to obtain corporate commitments to CHP at multiple sites
 - Utilities and regulatory agencies
 - Suppliers
- For industrial and hospital sectors, initial planning for two trips to Midwest is underway

Marketing Approach: Individual Facility/Company Level

- Conduct post-meeting follow-up
 - Encourage next steps leading to CHP project development
 - Address facilities needs for technical and regulatory assistance

Marketing Approach: Other Involved Parties (State Regulators, Utilities)

- Identify key market and regulatory issues in target areas that might favor or discourage CHP
 - Utility policies/practices
 - State regulations
- Work with state environmental agencies, PUCs, and utilities regulators in target areas to identify opportunities, address regulatory issues, etc.
- Our Partners
 - Key opportunities for project development

DE CHP Market Sector Analysis

- Approach different from previously discussed method
- Leverages on assessments already done under Department of Energy Effort and builds upon it - no new market study
- EPA Goals
 - Find opportunities for EPA to assist in getting projects done

CHP Market Selection Criteria

- Identify potential CHP candidates in district energy sector
 - Assess data from DOE census
 - Other resources
- Initial screening based on thermal and power requirements, age of existing equipment, electric costs, fuel availability and costs, and access to capital
- Qualitative factors such as “champion” and “greening issues” as well as local support/opposition

CHP Project List Characterization

- College and university market projects
 - 6 Northeast and Midwest college/university projects selected in early or stalled stages
 - Total of 185 MW
 - Pressing need for additional capacity
 - Drivers included cost, reliability, “greening the campus” pressures
- Downtown market projects
 - 4 New York, California, and Washington downtown/utility projects selected in early or stalled stages
 - Total of 355 MW

Marketing Strategies - Take Advantage of Scheduled Workshops and Conferences

- College/university
 - IDEA, APPA, Association of Land Grant Universities, New Jersey's Higher Education Partnership for Sustainability, "greening the campus" organizations, U.S. Green Building Council, DOE's Rebuild America program, etc
- Downtowns
 - Urban Consortium's Energy Task Force, Conference of Mayors, National League of Cities, National Association of Counties, local air quality boards, regulators, commissions, GSA, ELCON, DOE's Rebuild America program, etc.

Marketing Strategies - Long Term

- Keep tabs on other 90+ projects identified
- Expand scope of projects and reach out to other district energy markets such as federal buildings, airports, industrial campuses, healthcare facilities, and other large-scale, campus-based District Energy markets
- Potential opportunity to leverage activities and funds within wastewater treatment industry
- Potential opportunity to facilitate a “motivated utility” project which wants to decentralize and find new uses for thermal energy

CHP Partner Involvement

- Feedback on assessments
- Engage in marketing, follow up or feasibility studies